

The Bulletin's Circulation in N

Is Double That of Any

Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population.

MILITIA MOBILIZED FOR BORDER SECURITY

Upon de Facto President's Reception of Note to be Forwarded Today Hangs the Question of a War

FLAT REFUSAL OF DEMAND FOR TROOPS' RECALL

Note Which is Now in the Hands of the Printer, Will be Sent Forward Today—President Wilson's Close Advisors Are Prepared for the Possibility of Open Hostilities After the Note Has Reached Carranza's Hands—At Least 100,000 Militiamen Are Preparing for Active Service Under President Wilson's Call—Only Such Troops as General Funston Needs to Fill the Gaps in His 1,800 Mile Guard Line Will be Ordered to the Border—Others Are to Remain at the State Mobilization Camps, Awaiting the Turn of Events.

Washington, June 19.—Upon General Carranza's reception of a stern refusal to heed his demands for recall of American troops from Mexico hangs the question of a Mexican war. In the opinion of President Wilson's close advisors, they were prepared tonight for the possibility of open hostilities after the note, which will be sent forward tomorrow, has reached Carranza's hands.

Determined to End Brigandage. No indication has come that the first chief's attitude of implacable hostility will be shaken by the reiterated declaration of the latest communication that the United States has no aggressive or warlike purpose toward Mexico, but is firmly resolved to protect her borders and end brigandage in the border states.

Reply to Carranza in Hands of Printer. The reply to Carranza's note demanding recall of General Pershing's expedition was in the hands of the government printer tonight, preparatory to its delivery and publication tomorrow. Secretary Baughman intended to send it forward today but at the last moment minor changes and additions to the 6,000 word document necessitated delay. Although it had been planned to send it by special messenger to Mexico City the situation has changed and the note will be handed to Eliseo Arrondido, Mexican ambassador designate.

Nation Was Stirred. While the diplomatic steps were in progress today the nation was stirring throughout its width and breadth with the movement of national guardsmen mobilizing to guard the border. At least 100,000 and possibly a far larger number, were preparing for active service under President Wilson's call. The mobilization of troops to border duty until mustered into the federal army, and possibly a far larger number, were preparing for active service under President Wilson's call. The mobilization of troops to border duty until mustered into the federal army, and possibly a far larger number, were preparing for active service under President Wilson's call.

Troops to Border in State Camps. Even when mobilization is completed, only such of it will be ordered as General Funston desires to fill the gaps in his 1,800 mile guard line. The remainder will rest on their arms at the state mobilization camps for the present, awaiting the turn of events.

Feeling in Mexico Against U. S. Official reports from many quarters show that popular feeling against the United States is being kindled throughout Mexico. It appears that it is being done by the action of General Carranza, for the acts in many cases are those of his authorized military civil authorities.

Posters Call Mexicans to Arms. From Juarez to the west coast of Mexico posters have appeared calling the people to arms and asserting that the United States is preparing to hurl its armies into Mexico. Chaotic conditions prevail everywhere, it is said. Clashes are reported between Mexican troops and American blue-jackets at Mazatlan yesterday show that relations are strained to the breaking point.

Carranza Not Curbng Soldiers. So far as officials here are aware, General Carranza is taking no strong measures to curb his soldiers and people. Upon this point the majority of them found their belief that he is determining to force matters to an issue unless the American troops are withdrawn.

Motives of Carranza. Neither state department officials nor members of the diplomatic corps here have been able to satisfy themselves as to Carranza's motives. There are some, however, who believe he hopes to ride into popularity on a diplomatic triumph over his powerful northern neighbor, or a war which might establish his uttering government in popular estimation. Once the Americans are on and the certain defeat of his armies fore-shadowed, these observers say, General Carranza might sue for peace, trusting to the magnanimity of the Washington government to leave him in power.

100,000 American Civilians in Mexico. Increasing uneasiness over the night of some 100,000 American civilians now in Mexico was manifested today in official quarters. Approximately 1,000 of the magnanimity of the United States City, despite warning after warning through American consuls and other officials. Another emphatic note immediately was sent by the state department through Special Agent Rodgers a day or two ago.

To Inoculate Peon Population. Officials do not believe the Carranza government would sanction an attack on American residents or that foreigners would be involved in any case. A weapon of terrible possibility is being forged in Mexico, however, with the attempts to incite the ignorant peon population to a warfare against the United States. Mobs formed by half-starved natives who have been told that all of Mexico's accumulated troubles are traceable to the Americans might well precipitate a situation beyond the control of the government.

Protection For Colony Near Tampico. Careful preparation has been made for the protection of the big American colony near Tampico. In numbers it exceeds that in the capital, but it is near the sea and navy gunboats and light cruisers already have been dispatched to offer prompt aid. If necessary, small landing parties would be sent to open a way to the boats.

Two Months to Get to Mexico City. For the Mexico City problem, however, no such solution presents itself. It was suggested to one official today that an expeditionary force might be sent to the city, but the American there. He replied that it would mean moving an army of 50,000 or perhaps 100,000 men and would take at least two months to get them there.

Cabled Paragraphs

American Steamer Aground. London, June 19, 8.53 p. m.—The American steamer *Seaconnet* of Philadelphia, bound for London with timber, struck a mine on Sunday and went aground on the Sorby Sands. She has since become a total wreck. The crew was landed at Yarmouth.

Protest High Prices of Food. Amsterdam, Holland, June 19, London, 8.30 p. m.—Another demonstration against the high prices of food was held here today. A large procession, composed mainly of women, paraded the streets. The *Telegraaf* announces that the police have used violent all first demonstrations after today.

General Pershing's Army Isolated. London, June 19, 8.53 p. m.—A portion of the Austrian forces from Czernowitz has retired westward toward Kuty and the remainder southward in the direction of Dornavatra, telegraph's *Reuter's* Petrograd correspondent. General Pershing's army is now isolated, and the Austrians must depend upon their own resources.

different mobilization camps will be under the direction of the state officer. After the militia has assembled in the mobilization camps, the different states of the inspectors of the regular army will inspect the troops and administer the oath of office to the members of the militia. The federal government will then supervise the movement of the troops to the Mexican border.

GENERAL FUNSTON ANXIOUSLY STUDYING BORDER SITUATION

For Indication of Hostility on the Part of Carranza Troops

San Antonio, Texas, June 19.—While 100,000 members of the militia were being mobilized tonight, General Funston anxiously studied the border for indications of hostility on the part of Carranza's troops. Officers commanding patrols along the Rio Grande from Brownsville to El Paso, Texas, were being kept advised of the movements on the Mexican side, both of bandits and government troops. The report reached the army headquarters here after any incident that appeared likely to disturb the delicately balanced relations of the two countries.

General Pershing's reports indicated that General Jacinto Trevino's troops were being moved to the border. The army officers believed it improbable that they would not unless Trevino received special orders from Mexico City.

Such information as reached General Funston concerning the movement of Mexican troops indicated the adoption of a plan not to maintain heavy garrisons at border points but to hold a bulk of the army some distance south of the Rio Grande. The garrison at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, was strengthened by a mere handful of men, and at Laredo, between Laredo and Monterey, there were held 5,000 or 6,000 troops. The garrison at Laredo tonight was less than 1,000.

At Piedras Negras the Mexican town opposite Eagle Pass, the Mexican garrison was being moved to the night a considerable force yet remained but the larger part had moved to Piedras Negras. The troops were incorporated with bodies of troops. Before leaving Piedras Negras the Mexicans dismantled the machine shops, removing large quantities of the material to the interior.

PERSHING'S CAVALRY IS IN PURSUIT OF BANDITS

Detachments Operating South and West of Nampiqua.

Columbus, N. M., June 18.—General J. P. Pershing, American expeditionary commander, has cavalry detachments operating south and west of Nampiqua base in pursuit of bands of Mexican marauders, according to several reliable reports here today. It was reported that the detachments were taken prisoners by the Mexicans. The admiral made no mention of the subsequent release of the officers, as announced to the state department by the Mexican embassy, but it is presumed this occurred after the report which his message was based was sent.

Admiral Winslow's brief despatch follows: "The Annapolis at Mazatlan reports that a boat went in shore for parleying with Mexicans. Ensign O. O. Kessing and Assistant Master Andrew M. Boatwain were taken prisoners by the Mexicans. The admiral made no mention of the subsequent release of the officers, as announced to the state department by the Mexican embassy, but it is presumed this occurred after the report which his message was based was sent."

Funston Issues Statement to Mexicans in Texas

Urging Obedience to the Laws of the State—Guarantees Them Protection.

Austin, Texas, June 19.—In response to a request from General Funston, Governor Ferguson today issued a statement to Mexicans in Texas urging obedience to laws of the state and guaranteeing them protection of the names of Mexicans who are back of secret movements to foment trouble. He also promised "a liberal reward in gold to any Mexican who will furnish reliable information regarding the movements of Mexicans or who will take up arms against Americans or destroy their property."

ALL BUSINESS HOUSES IN NUEVO LAREDO CLOSED

Intense Excitement Prevails in Mexican Border Town.

Laredo, Texas, June 19.—All business houses in Nuevo Laredo, the Mexican town opposite here, were closed today by official orders. This action was said to have been a direct effect of the national guard's movement toward the river, although no untoward acts were reported.

WARSHIPS SAIL FOR WEST COAST OF MEXICO

Three Destroyers Accompanying the Flagship San Diego.

San Pedro, Calif., June 19.—The United States destroyers *Hull*, *Kilgus* and *Truxton* sailed from here today to accompany the flagship *San Diego*, which is to sail tonight for ports on the west coast of Mexico. The cruiser *Milwaukee* will follow in a few days when necessary repairs are completed.

Campaign Plans of McCormick

Laid Before President Wilson Yesterday

TO BEGIN IMMEDIATELY

Main Headquarters of the National Committee Will be in New York, But Much Work Will be Done in Washington and Chicago.

Washington, June 19.—Plans for an aggressive campaign to begin immediately, were laid by Vance C. McCormick, newly elected chairman of the national committee, to the president today with President Wilson. Secretary McCord, Secretary Tumulty and several other democratic leaders.

Three Hours With President Wilson. Mr. McCormick arrived early today from his home in Harrisburg, Pa., and spent three hours with the president. Later he visited most of the members of the cabinet now in Washington and went to the capitol to see Congressional leaders who will take an important part in the campaign.

He will devote my entire time to pushing the democratic campaign," said Mr. McCormick. "I expect to see a united and harmonious party the prospects for victory in November are very bright. The plans have not been put in shape yet, but I expect to see the president again in a few days and soon we will have everything in working order."

Main Headquarters in New York. The main headquarters of the democratic national committee will be in New York, but much of the work will be done here and in Chicago. Mr. McCormick expects to see in New York tomorrow to confer with leaders. The first work, he said today, will be to re-constitute a committee of about 11 members, of which he will be executive chairman.

Formal Notification Date Not Fixed. The date for formally notifying President Wilson of his renomination probably will not be fixed until after the republican committee announces plans for the notification of Mr. Hughes. It has been virtually decided, however, that Mr. Wilson will receive the notification committee at Shadow Lawn, his summer home in New Jersey, on the 25th of this month.

Congressional Committee Active. Simultaneously with the beginning of the active campaign the democratic congressional committee, headed by Representative Doremus of Michigan, will begin work to secure the re-election of a democratic majority in the house and senate. Mr. McCormick and Mr. Doremus plan to leave for Washington tomorrow. Mr. Marshall returned here today from Indianapolis and said that he would be in charge of the disposal of the president for campaign purposes.

AMERICAN SEAMEN CLASH WITH CARRANZA SOLDIERS.

Boatswain's Mate I. M. Laughler Gravely Wounded.

Washington, June 19.—Admiral Winslow at San Diego, reporting late today on the clash between American seamen and Carranza soldiers at Mazatlan yesterday, said that Boatswain's Mate I. M. Laughler was gravely wounded and Ensign O. O. Kessing and Assistant Master Andrew M. Boatwain were taken prisoners by the Mexicans. The admiral made no mention of the subsequent release of the officers, as announced to the state department by the Mexican embassy, but it is presumed this occurred after the report which his message was based was sent.

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CONGRESSMAN TILSON TO REPORT FOR ROLL CALL

Will Then Request a Leave of Absence to Return to Congress.

New Haven, June 20.—Congressman John Q. Tilson of this city, a lieutenant colonel in the Second regiment, said tonight that he would report for roll call at the armory tomorrow and then request a leave of absence to return to congress. He is here to attend the Yale commencement exercises. He is not certain whether the leave will allow him to hold a paid military office and his seat in congress at the same time. If he does not have a resign from the guard, Colonel Tilson said he would ask for a leave of absence from congress and join his regiment.

QUERIES ABOUT IMMUNITY FOR MARRIED GUARDSMEN

Each Case Must Be Presented Separately and Be Decided on Its Merits

Washington, June 19.—The war department received many inquiries today as to what immunities would be granted married men who are members of the national guard. While most officials were inclined to believe that leaves should be granted those who are married, it was pointed out that each case must be presented separately and would be decided on its merits.

Movements of Steamships

Liverpool, June 19.—Arrived: *Steamer Celtic*, New York. Sailed: *Steamer Camerona*, New York; *Celtic*, New York.

Hughes Attending His Class Reunion

After Busy Day Spent With Republican Leaders

PRELIMINARY MEETING

Discussed Reorganization of the National Committee and the Selection of a Chairman—Declined to Discuss the Mexican Situation.

New York, June 19.—Charles D. Hughes, republican candidate for the presidency, after spending a busy day here at his headquarters with republican leaders, returned to his home at Lakehurst, N. J., to attend his class reunion at Princeton University. He expects to return on Thursday.

Meeting Only a Preliminary. It was expected that the new chairman would be named at a forty-five minute conference today between Mr. Hughes and the sub-committee of the national committee appointed for that purpose. At the conclusion of the conference, however, Mr. Hughes personally announced that nothing had been accomplished in that regard. He said the meeting was only "preliminary."

He was unofficially announced that William R. Wilcox, former public service commissioner and intimate friend of Mr. Hughes and William Loeb, Colonel Roosevelt's former secretary, had been virtually eliminated from consideration for the chairmanship.

Those at the Conference. Frank H. Hitchcock, who has been mentioned in connection with the chairmanship, was in conference with the candidate for fifteen minutes. Mr. Hughes expected to see in New York tomorrow to confer with leaders. The first work, he said today, will be to re-constitute a committee of about 11 members, of which he will be executive chairman.

LODGE SPENDS AN HOUR WITH COL. ROOSEVELT

Believes Former President Will Support Charles E. Hughes.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., June 19.—After a conference here tonight with Theodore Roosevelt, United States Senator from New York, Charles E. Hughes declared that he believed the former president would support Charles E. Hughes. "I found Colonel Roosevelt looking much better than I had expected," said Senator Lodge. "He is, of course, very disappointed in Mr. Hughes, but very little of Mr. Hughes' case."

Will the colonial support Mr. Hughes? "That is my impression," replied Senator Lodge. "The committee was attached to Senator Lodge's visit as it was said he had conferred earlier in the day in New York with Mr. Hughes and W. R. Wilcox."

It was the first time the senator had seen Colonel Roosevelt since the latter's departure for Europe. The senator spent more than an hour with the former president, after which he left for Washington.

STATUS OF CONGRESSMEN UNDER NEW ARMY LAW

Question Whether Members Should Resign if Ordered to the Front.

Washington, June 19.—President Wilson's call for the national guard for border duty renewed today a perplexing question as to the status under the new army reorganization act of members of congress who are members of the national guard. A house sub-committee named some members of congress who are members of the national guard and the question has not made its report.

Precedents, it was said, today, fall to make the situation clear. Representative Crago of Pennsylvania, an advocate of the Illinois National Guard, expressed the opinion that a member of congress who is a member of the national guard should resign from congress. Speaker Clark recalled that General John A. Logan, who was a member of the national guard, served in the Civil War, but that General Blair's resignation from congress was pocketed by President Lincoln. "If he does not have a resign from the guard, Colonel Tilson said he would ask for a leave of absence from congress and join his regiment."

TROOPS TO REPORT AT ARMORIES THIS MORNING.

May Be Dismissed Pending Further Developments.

Hartford, Conn., June 19.—Reports received tonight by Adjutant General George A. Cole from various officers throughout the state indicated that the Connecticut National guard will mobilize without the slightest hitch tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock. Whether the troops will be moved at once to Nan-tic or whether they will be dismissed pending further developments, the adjutant general could not say tonight.

All the land forces in the state, except the coast artillery corps and the First Separate company, will report to the various armories, the number of men under arms being nearly 3,000. Reports were received from several cities saying that there was a rush of recruits. It is probable that many of the companies will be recruited to war strength at once.

Condensed Telegrams

Paola Bonelli has formed a new Italian Cabinet headed by himself.

Sir Roger Casement will be placed on trial in London for high treason next week.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels inspected the naval training station at Lakehurst, Ill.

Vessels sailing from Christobal, Panama, are being delayed by a strike of dock workers.

Captain Boelke, champion German aviator, is reported to have been killed in action.

Dartmouth's 147th commencement at Hanover, N. H., opened with 11 classes holding reunions.

Cardinal Farley ordained 17 priests and 25 deacons at St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City.

Emperor Yoshihito of Japan has congratulated Czar Nicholas on the Russian victories in Galicia.

Vice President and Mrs. Marshall returned to Washington after an absence of nearly a week.

Fire caused \$50,000 damage to the Southard-Robinson stove manufacturing plant at Peekskill, N. Y.

The Pennsylvania Railroad appealed to its 14,000 employees to stand by the company in case of a strike.

Food rioting occurred in Amsterdam during the distribution of potatoes to the retailers by the government.

Capt. Herbert W. Rittenhouse, an American, is listed as killed in action in the latest Canadian casualty list.

Announcement was made of a gift to Johns Hopkins hospital of the sum of \$95,000 by Dr. Kenneth Dows of New York.

Thirteen hundred rookies engaged in the "Battle of Peru Road" at Plattsburgh, N. Y., during a heavy rainstorm.

Twelve hundred employees and guests of the National City Bank Club of New York held an outing at Asbury Park, N. J.

Unwilling to fight against the United States in case of a break, several Cuban officers in Carranza's army have resigned.

For the first time in more than 40 years the Texas Ranger force has been recruited to its full strength of 32 men and officers.

TEUTONS STAGNATE

RESISTING RUSSIANS

Battles in Progress in Galicia and Volhynia With Russians Generally on the Offensive

AUSTRIANS DRIVEN TOWARD MOUNTAIN PASSES

In the Regions South of the Pripet Marshes the Russian Attacks Have Been Partly Repulsed by the Germans—On the Front in France the French Lines With Hand Grenades Repulsed a German Infantry Attack—A Severe Battle Between the Austrians and Italians is in Progress

West of Asiago—Three Italian Steamers and Five Italian Sailing Vessels Have Been Sunk.

Having captured Czernowicz, capital of Bukovina, the Russians are well on their way from that city and from various points along the River Pruth, driving the Austrians before them toward the Sereth river and the Carpathian mountain passes. Numerous additional prisoners have been captured by the Russians in their drive, and more guns, machine guns, ammunition and foodstuffs have fallen into their hands.

Heavy fighting is in progress to the north, in Galicia and Volhynia, with the Russians generally on the offensive, but with the Austrian-Hungarian and German troops tenaciously battling against their further advance.

In the region south of the Pripet marshes, the Russian attacks have been partly repulsed by the German and Austrian troops. The Russian attacks have been partly repulsed by the German and Austrian troops. The Russian attacks have been partly repulsed by the German and Austrian troops.

Numerous battles in the air, in which German machines outnumbered those of the Russians, were reported by the French, are reported in the British official communication. The British themselves lost two aeroplanes.

A severe battle between the Austrians and the Italians is in progress on the Setti Communi plateau, west of Asiago. On the eastern front, southeast of Trent numerous Austrian attacks have been repulsed. The Austrians reported some progress for their troops northeast of Asiago and the capture of 100 Italians and two machine guns.

Three Italian steamers and five Italian sailing vessels have been sunk. At least one of the vessels, the steamer *San Marco*, was sunk by a German submarine. The other vessels were sunk by the bottom by Austrian submarines.

Along the Galician border near Rad-

HOUSE AFIRE AS WEDDING GUESTS WERE MAKING MERRY

Summer Residence of James Farrell Burned as Wedding Breakfast Was Being Served.

South Norwalk, Conn., June 19.—While co-edging guests were making merry today at the summer residence of James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel Corporation, at Rockledge, a fire broke out in the kitchen, got beyond control and destroyed the structure, entailing a loss estimated at nearly \$150,000. Mr. Farrell's daughter, Miss Mary Theresa, had been married early in the day to Joseph Murray of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The wedding breakfast was being served to sixty guests when the fire was discovered. Firemen from Rockledge arrived at the scene about 6 o'clock this morning. They opened a door leading into the postoffice building when the fire broke out. The building was a two-story structure and did their work so cleanly that nothing except the safe was disturbed. Both doors of the safe were blown open during the fire. The safe was valued at \$1,000 and the contents, valued at \$250, were in cash and the remainder in postage stamps.

ARMY UNIFORMS MUST BE MADE AS PER CONTRACT.

Philadelphia Manufacturers Penalized for Failing to Use Proper Dyes.

Washington, June 19.—A plea that uniforms for the army cannot be made up to war department requirements because of inability to import German dyes was rejected today by the comptroller of the treasury. He allowed a claim of J. Spencer Turner & company, Philadelphia clothing makers, for a refund of \$75,000 for uniforms. The war department, however, obtained the cloth from other sources.

2,074 CASES OF MEASLES IN STATE DURING MAY.

Total of Deaths Was 1,664—There Were 2,867 Living Births.

Hartford, Conn., June 19.—There were 2,867 cases of measles in Connecticut during the month of May, according to the monthly bulletin of the state board of health, published today. The board estimated that in addition 1,000 cases of the disease were not reported.

Total deaths in the state for May were 1,664, a higher rate than in May of last year. There were 1,667 living births during April, there were 25 suicides and 6 homicides.

SMALL BRIDGE BURNED 80 MILES EAST OF LAREDO.

Texas Rangers and Military Authorities Are Investigating.

Laredo, Texas, June 19.—A small bridge on the International and Great Northern, thirty miles east of Laredo, was burned tonight. Texas Rangers and military authorities are investigating reports that it was the work of Mexican bandits or that it was the result of a fire set by a band of bandits. The bridge was being delayed pending the results of the investigation.